## 729.

## Problem 50.11 (RHK)

A nonrelativistic particle is moving three times as fast as an electron. The ratio of their de Broglie wavelengths, particle to electron, is $1.814 \times 10^{-4}$. By calculating its mass, we have to identify the particle.

## Solution:

Let the particle's mass be $m$. From the data of the problem, we write the following relation:

$$
\frac{\lambda_{\text {particle }}}{\lambda_{\text {electron }}}=\frac{h}{3 m v} \times \frac{m_{e} v}{h}=1.813 \times 10^{-4} \text {, }
$$

and

$$
\begin{aligned}
\therefore m=\frac{m_{e}}{3 \times 1.813 \times 10^{-4}} & =\frac{0.511}{3 \times 1.813 \times 10^{-4}} \mathrm{MeV} \mathrm{c}^{-2} \\
& =939.5 \mathrm{MeV} \mathrm{c}^{-2} .
\end{aligned}
$$

The particle is a neutron.

