## 729.

## Problem 50.11 (RHK)

A nonrelativistic particle is moving three times as fast as an electron. The ratio of their de Broglie wavelengths, particle to electron, is  $1.814 \times 10^{-4}$ . By calculating its mass, we have to identify the particle.

## **Solution:**

Let the particle's mass be m. From the data of the problem, we write the following relation:

$$\frac{\lambda_{particle}}{\lambda_{electron}} = \frac{h}{3mv} \times \frac{m_e v}{h} = 1.813 \times 10^{-4},$$

and

$$\therefore m = \frac{m_e}{3 \times 1.813 \times 10^{-4}} = \frac{0.511}{3 \times 1.813 \times 10^{-4}} \text{ MeV } \text{c}^{-2}$$
$$= 939.5 \text{ MeV } \text{c}^{-2}.$$

The particle is a neutron.