

538.

Problem 39.25 (RHK)

In an LCR circuit let $R=160\ \Omega$, $C=15\ \mu\text{F}$, $L=230\ \text{mH}$, $\nu=60\ \text{Hz}$ and $E_m=36\ \text{V}$. We have to calculate average power dissipated assuming (a) that the inductor is removed from the circuit and (b) that the capacitor is removed.

Solution:

The inductive load

$$X_L = L\omega = 2\pi\nu L = 2\pi \times 60 \times 230 \times 10^{-3}\ \Omega = 87\ \Omega.$$

The capacitive load

$$X_C = \frac{1}{C\omega} = \frac{1}{15 \times 10^{-6} \times (2\pi \times 60)}\ \Omega = 177\ \Omega.$$

The *rms*-emf will be

$$E_{rms} = \frac{E_m}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{36}{\sqrt{2}}\ \text{V} = 25.45\ \text{V}.$$

(a)

When the inductor is removed from the circuit the impedance will be



$$Z = \sqrt{R^2 + X_C^2} = \sqrt{160^2 + 177^2} \Omega = 238.6 \Omega.$$

The *rms*-current will be

$$i_{rms} = \frac{E_{rms}}{Z} = \frac{25.45}{238.6} \text{ A} = 0.1066 \text{ A}.$$

Therefore, the average power dissipated will be

$$\bar{P} = i_{rms}^2 R = (0.1066)^2 \times 160 \text{ W} = 1.82 \text{ W}.$$

(b)

When the capacitor is removed from the circuit the impedance will be

$$Z = \sqrt{R^2 + X_L^2} = \sqrt{160^2 + 87^2} \Omega = 182.1 \Omega.$$

The *rms*-current will be

$$i_{rms} = \frac{E_{rms}}{Z} = \frac{25.45}{182.1} \text{ A} = 0.1397 \text{ A}.$$

Therefore, the average power dissipated will be

$$\bar{P} = i_{rms}^2 R = (0.1397)^2 \times 160 \text{ W} = 3.13 \text{ W}.$$