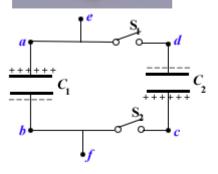
## 365.

## Problem 31.23 (RHK)

In the figure two capacitors  $C_1 = 1.16 \ \mu\text{F}$  and  $C_2 = 3.22 \ \mu\text{F}$  have been shown. Each is charged to a potential V = 96.6 V but with opposite polarity, so that points a and c are on the side of the respective positive plates of  $C_1$  and  $C_2$ , and points b and d are on the side of the respective negative plates. Switches  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  are now closed. We have to find (a) the potential difference between points e and f; (b) the charge on  $C_1$  and (c) the charge on  $C_2$ .



## **Solution:**

(a)

In the circuit shown in the figure the capacitors

 $C_1 = 1.16 \ \mu\text{F}$  and  $C_2 = 3.22 \ \mu\text{F}$  each have been charged to potential V = 96.6 V and the switches  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  are open.

Therefore, the magnitude of the charge on  $C_1$  will be  $q_1 = 1.16 \times 10^{-6} \times 96.6 \text{ C} = 112.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C} = 112.0 \ \mu\text{C.},$ and the magnitude of the charge on  $C_2$  will be  $q_2 = 3.22 \times 10^{-6} \times 96.6 \text{ C} = 311.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C} = 311.0 \ \mu\text{C.}$ After the switches  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  are closed an amount of charge  $q \ \mu\text{C}$  will flow from  $C_2$  to  $C_1$  till both the capacitors have the same potential across their plates. That is the potential difference between points e and f will be the potential difference across each of the two capacitors.

This implies that

$$\frac{(311.0-q)}{3.22\times10^{-6}} = \frac{(q-112.0)}{1.16\times10^{-6}}.$$

Solving this equation, we find

$$q = 164.75 \ \mu C.$$

We calculate the potential difference across the capacitor

 $C_1$ . It will also be equal to the potential difference

between e and f after the two switches have been closed.

We have

$$V' = \frac{(164.7 - 112.0)}{1.16} V = 45.4 V.$$

(b)

Charge on  $C_1$  will be

$$q_1' = (164.7 - 112.0) \ \mu C = 52.7 \ \mu C,$$
  
(c)

And charge on  $C_2$  will be

$$q_2' = (311 - 164.7) \ \mu C = 146.3 \ \mu C.$$