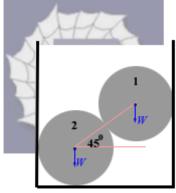
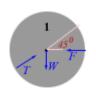
43. <u>Problem 13.20P (HRW)</u>

Two identical, uniform, frictionless spheres, each of weight W, rest in a rigid rectangular container. We have to find in terms of W, the forces acting on the spheres due to (a) the container surfaces and (b) one another, if the line of centres of the spheres makes an angle of 45[°] with the horizontal.



Solution:



We will first draw the free-body diagram of the ball 1. In this diagram *F* is the force on the ball exerted by the wall, and *T* is the

force exerted by the ball 2 on the ball 1. As the spheres are frictionless, force *T* will be along their line of contact, which is at an angle of 45° with the horizontal.

As the ball is in equilibrium, the vector sum of forces has to be zero. Adding the vertical component of forces, we get

 $T\cos 45^0 = W,$

$$T = \sqrt{2}W.$$

Adding the horizontal component of forces acting on ball 1, we get

$$F = T\cos 45^\circ = T/\sqrt{2} = W.$$

We will consider next the free-body diagram of ball 2. It is as shown on the line diagram.



N is the force exerted by the base of the box on the ball 2. *F* is the force exerted by the side on the ball and *T* is the force

exerted by the ball 1 on ball 2. Applying the conditions of static equilibrium, we get the following two equations: $N = W + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}T = W + W = 2W$,

and

$$F = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}T = W.$$